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YEAR XIII

SARAJEVO, 16.09.2019.

NUMBER 06

TOURISM STATISTICS

Cumulative data, January -July 2019

In the period from January - July 2019 tourists realised 906,788 tourists arrivals which represent the increase by 11.7% and 1,878,023 overnight stays which is increase by 11.1% as compared to the same period of 2018.

The number of domestic tourist nights increased by 6.8% and number of foreign tourist nights increased by 12.9% as compared to the same period of 2018. Domestic tourist's share of total number of overnight stays was 28.5% and foreign tourists share was 71.5%.

Concerning the structure of foreign tourist nights, most of them (61.3%) were realised by tourists from Croatia (13.5%), Serbia (9.3%), Saudi Arabia (7.2%), Slovenia (5.2%), China (4.8%), Germany and Turkey (each by 4.7%), Italy (4,5%), Poland (3.8%) and United Arab Emirates (3.6%). Tourists from other countries realised 38.7% of tourist nights.

Regarding the average detention of foreign tourist stays, on the first place comes Kuwait with average stay of 3.4 nights, Ireland with 3.1 nights and Bahrein, Island, Latvia , United Arab Emirates, Estonia and Ukraine by 2.9 nights.

According to the type of accommodation facility the highest number of nights was recorded in Hotels and similar accommodation with share of 92.4%.

Tourists nights, January - July 2018. and 2019.

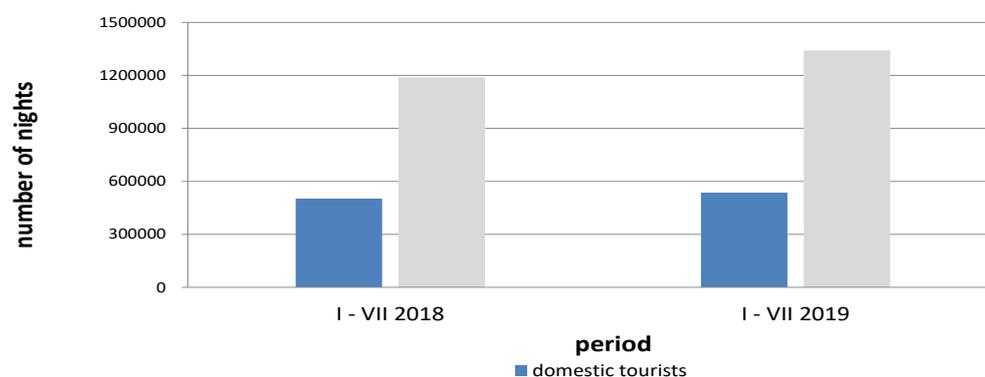


Table 1 : Tourist arrivals and nights

	ARRIVALS			NIGHTS			I - VII 2019	
	I - VII 2018	I - VII 2019	Indices <u>I-VII 2019</u> I-VII 2018	I - VII 2018	I - VII 2019	Indices <u>I-VII 2019</u> I-VII 2018	Structure of nights %	Average number of nights by arrivals
TOTAL	811,660	906,788	111.7	1,690,663	1,878,023	111.1	100.0	2,1
Domestic tourist	233,618	246,016	105.3	502,047	536,060	106.8	28,5	2,2
Foreign tourist	578,042	660,772	114.3	1,188,616	1,341,963	112.9	71.5	2.0

**Foreign tourist nights by country of residence,
January - July 2018. and 2019.**

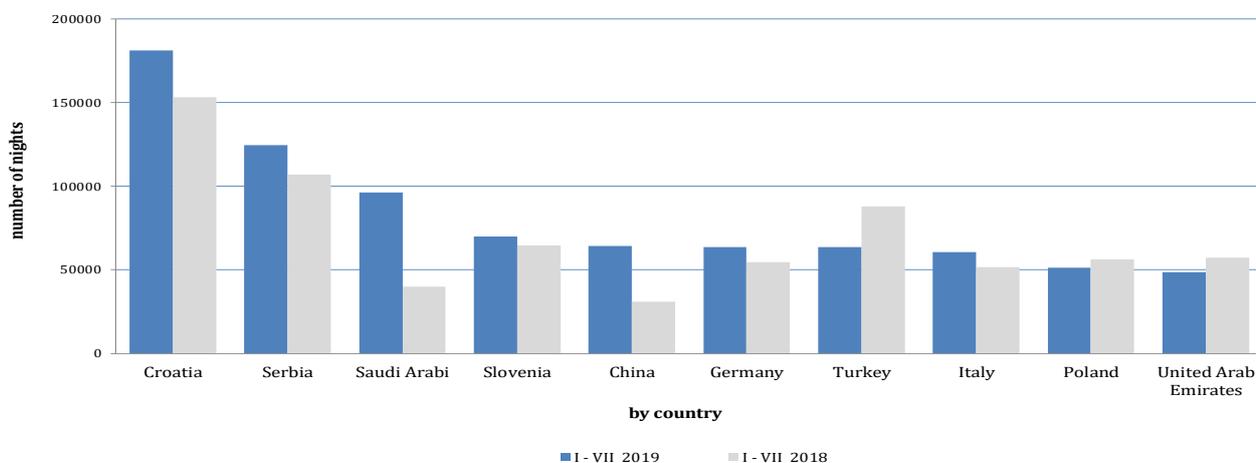


Table 2 : Foreign tourist arrivals and nights by country of residence

	ARRIVALS			NIGHTS			I - VII 2019	
	I - VII 2018	I - VII 2019	Indices <u>I-VII 2019</u> I-VII 2018	I - VII 2018	I - VII 2019	Indices <u>I-VII 2019</u> I-VII 2018	Structure of nights %	Average number of nights by arrivals
TOTAL	578,042	660,772	114.3	1,188,616	1,341,963	112.9	100.0	2.0
Albania	2,301	2,603	113.1	3,885	4,820	124.1	0.4	1,9
Austria	15,186	15,372	101.2	29,170	28,864	99.0	2,2	1,9
Belgium	3,993	4,252	106.5	9,227	10,299	111.6	0.8	2,4
Bulgaria	4,038	4,319	107.0	6,614	7,638	115.5	0.6	1,8
Montenegro	9,809	10,637	108.4	21,317	23,546	110.5	1,8	2,2
Czech Republic	3,378	5,282	156.4	6,185	9,842	159.1	0.7	1,9
Denmark	3,409	3,975	116.6	8,597	9,568	111.3	0.7	2,4
Estonia	320	270	84.4	734	709	96.6	0.1	2,6
Finland	1,270	1,716	135.1	2,421	3,840	158.6	0.3	2,2
France	10,683	10,385	97.2	31,152	28,689	92.1	2,1	2,8
Greece	2,426	2,556	105.4	4,965	5,411	109.0	0.4	2,1
Netherlands	9,062	9,451	104.3	24,247	23,582	97.3	1,8	2,5
Croatia	64,277	77,245	120.2	153,187	181,155	118.3	13,5	2,3
Ireland	2,694	2,384	88.5	9,533	7,393	77.6	0.6	3,1
Iceland	137	253	184.7	293	727	248.1	0.1	2,9

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	ARRIVALS			NIGHTS			I - VII 2019	
	I - VII 2018	I - VII 2019	Indices <u>I-VII 2019</u> I-VII 2018	I - VII 2018	I - VII 2019	Indices <u>I-VII 2019</u> I-VII 2018	Structure of nights %	Average number of nights by arrivals
Italy	22,594	24,021	106.3	51,742	60,731	117.4	4,5	2,5
Cyprus	560	452	80.7	917	673	73.4	0.1	1,5
Latvia	325	364	112.0	688	1,070	155.5	0.1	2,9
Lithuania	653	714	109.3	898	1,686	187.8	0.1	2,4
Luxembourg	306	442	144.4	608	1,008	165.8	0.1	2,3
Hungary	7,966	9,768	122.6	14,24	17,121	120.2	1,3	1,8
Malta	187	114	61.0	517	256	49.5	0.0	2,2
Norway	2,904	2,925	100.7	6,383	6,515	102.1	0.5	2,2
Germany	25,788	29,627	114.9	54,685	63,711	116.5	4,7	2,2
Poland	22,784	20,904	91.7	56,321	51,212	90.9	3,8	2,4
Portugal	1,517	2,079	137.0	2,544	3,022	118.8	0.2	1,5
Romania	3,774	3,391	89.9	9,573	7,145	74.6	0.5	2,1
Russian Federation	3,292	3,698	112.3	7,077	7,89	111.5	0.6	2,1
Southern Macedonia 1)	5,458	5,544	101.6	11,398	11,205	98.3	0.8	2,0
Slovakia	2,338	2,324	99.4	4,523	5,023	111.1	0.4	2,2
Slovenia	33,790	35,527	105.1	64,596	69,837	108.1	5,2	2,0
Serbia	51,472	59,794	116.2	106,815	124,626	116.7	9,3	2,1
Spain	6,658	8,277	124.3	11,964	14,642	122.4	1,1	1,8
Switzerland (including Liechtenstein)	6,177	7,053	114.2	12,967	15,409	118.8	1,1	2,2
Sweden	7,697	7,602	98.8	18,100	17,156	94.8	1,3	2,3
Turkey	57,418	41,203	71.8	87,892	63,584	72.3	4,7	1,5
United Kingdom	7,425	8,365	112.7	17,208	20,092	116.8	1,5	2,4
Ukraine	860	1,117	129.9	1,901	3,229	169.9	0.2	2,9
Other European countries	2,033	1,933	95.1	4,518	5,033	111.4	0.4	2,6
Egypt	471	787	167.1	1,357	2,127	156.7	0.2	2,7
South Africa	352	388	110.2	807	927	114.9	0.1	2,4
Other African countries	1,135	1,502	132.3	3,906	4,332	110.9	0.3	2,9
Canada	3,950	3,712	103.3	6,975	7,912	113.4	0.6	2,1
USA	15,517	18,339	118.2	33,176	39,183	118.1	2,9	2,1
Other Northern American countries	465	504	108.4	980	968	98.8	0.1	1,9
Brazil	2,005	3,025	150.9	3,511	5,919	168.6	0.4	2,0
Other Southern and Central American countries	3,001	3,715	123.8	5,988	7,431	124.1	0.6	2,0
Bahrain	3,257	3,463	106.3	9,560	9,963	104.2	0.7	2,9
India	1,355	1,323	97.6	3,200	2,700	84.4	0.2	2,0
Iran	499	298	59.7	1,278	757	59.2	0.1	2,5
Israel	4,903	2,928	59.7	12,036	6,703	55.7	0.5	2,3
Japan	4,160	6,421	154.4	5,535	8,488	153.4	0.6	1,3
Republic of Korea	27,623	27,889	101.0	30,369	31,225	102.8	2,3	1,1
Qatar	2,106	2,416	114.7	7,479	6,724	89.9	0.5	2,8
China	27,174	55,004	202.4	30,876	64,412	208.6	4,8	1,2
Kuwait	4,097	4,295	104.8	14,128	14,703	104.1	1,1	3,4
Malaysia	9,018	8,450	93.7	11,687	10,834	92.7	0.8	1,3
Oman	6,895	6,271	90.9	17,258	15,243	88.3	1,1	2,4
Saudi Arabia	16,152	40,993	253.8	39,816	96,314	241.9	7,2	2,3
United Arab Emirates	18,532	16,913	91.3	57,433	48,641	84.7	3,6	2,9
Other Asian countries	12,710	18,018	141.8	20,359	26,340	129.4	2,0	1,5
Australia	4,871	5,248	107.7	9,518	10,453	109.8	0.8	2,0
New Zealand	701	661	94.3	1,105	1,281	115.9	0.1	1,9
Other countries of Oceania	489	271	55.4	677	424	62.6	0.0	1,6

1) before FYR of Macedonia

**Structure of tourists nights according to the classification of activity ¹⁾,
January - July 2018. and 2019.**

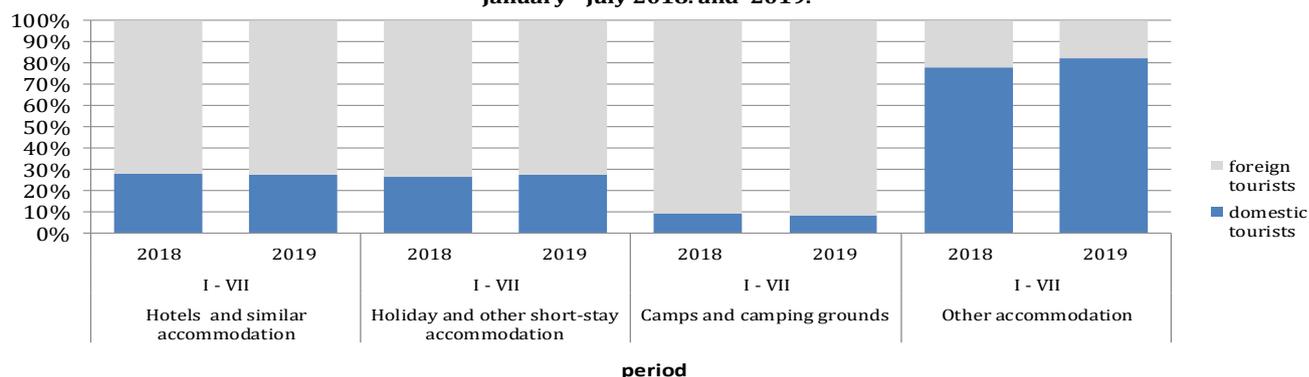


Table 3 : Tourist arrivals and nights according to the classification of activities ¹⁾

	ARRIVALS			NIGHTS			I - VII 2019
	I - VII 2018	I - VII 2019	Indices $\frac{I-VII\ 2019}{I-VII\ 2018}$	I - VII 2018	I - VII 2019	Indices $\frac{I-VII\ 2019}{I-VII\ 2018}$	Structure of nights %
TOTAL	811,660	906,788	111.7	1,690,663	1,878,023	111.1	100.0
Hotels and similar accommodation	757,951	856,405	113.0	1,541,748	1,735,404	112.6	92.4
Holiday and other short-stay accommodation	31,389	33,875	107.9	67,925	72,169	106.2	3.8
Camps and camping grounds	7,964	10,010	125.7	14,344	16,349	114.0	0.9
Other accommodation	14,356	6,498	45.3	66,646	54,101	81.2	2.9
Domestic tourists	233,618	246,016	105.3	502,047	536,060	106.8	28,5
Hotels and similar accommodation	212,234	228,958	107.9	430,891	470,726	109.2	25,1
Holiday and other short-stay accommodation	10,135	11,082	109.3	17,904	19,523	109.0	1.0
Camps and camping grounds	975	899	92.2	1,319	1,359	103.0	0.1
Other accommodation	10,274	5,077	49.4	51,933	44,452	85.6	2,4
Foreign tourist	578,042	660,772	114.3	1,188,616	1,341,963	112.9	71,5
Hotels and similar accommodation	545,717	627,447	115.0	1,110,857	1,264,678	113.8	67.3
Holiday and other short-stay accommodation	21,254	22,793	107.2	50,021	52,646	105.2	2,8
Camps and camping grounds	6,989	9,111	130.4	13,025	14,990	115.1	0.8
Other accommodation	4,082	1,421	34.8	14,713	9,649	65.6	0.5

¹⁾ The Classification of Economic Activities of BiH 2010

NOTES ON METHODOLOGY

The purpose of the statistical survey

The purpose of the statistical survey is to monitor the tourist activity realised in commercial accommodation establishments and to provide internationally comparable BiH's statistics of tourism in accordance with current EU standards for the tourism statistics.

Observation units

Observation units are all business entities /legal units which are, by the main activity, registered in accommodation activity (division 55 - KD BiH 2010), persons as well as households that rent accommodation establishments to tourists. For the purpose of the survey, Classification of Activities in Bosnia and Herzegovina - KD BiH 2010 was used, and it is fully compliant with the European Classification of Economic Activities - NACE Rev. 2.

Coverage

Reporting units are all business entities (enterprises, entrepreneurs, institutions, associations etc.) and parts thereof engaged in providing accommodation services in tourism registered according to the CA BiH 2010 under section : 55.1 (hotels and similar accommodation), 55.2 (holiday and other short - stay accommodation), 55.3 (camps and camping grounds), 55.9 (other accommodation), health institutions for their facilities in which persons stay for medical rehabilitation (costs are on persons themselves), business entities and parts thereof engaged in tourist stay in rural households, houses, camps, apartments and rooms directly rented by private persons/households. Survey covers the entire territory of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Source and methods of data collection

Data on turnover of tourists (number of tourist arrivals and tourist nights) are collected from regular monthly report (TU-11 form). Reports are usually made on the basis of reception records in guest books, entities and their parts engaged in organising and arranging of tourists.

Definitions

Tourism means the activity of visitors taking a trip to a main destination outside their usual environment for less than a year, for leisure, business or other personal purpose other than to be employed by a resident entity in the place visited.

Tourist is every person who, outside his place of permanent residence, spends one night in a hotel or some other accommodation facility for reasons of rest, recreation, health, study, sport, religion, family, business, public tasks or meeting.

Residence is a place where a person came with the intention of permanent stay. Tourist is registered in every place or establishment where he stays and, therefore, in case he/she changes the place or establishment, he/she must register again, which results in data ambiguity. Consequently, the statistics register the number of tourist arrivals and not the number of tourists.

Domestic tourist is a person with permanent residence in the BiH who spends at least one night in a hotel or some other accommodation establishment outside their place or residence.

Foreign tourist is every person with permanent residence outside in BiH who temporarily resides in BiH and who spends at least one night in a hotel or some other accommodation establishment.

Symbols

- no occurrence

0,0 value not zero but less than 0,05 unit of measure use

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